1 BEFORE THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE-MANAGEMENT 2 RELATIONS BOARD 3 4 PERSHING COUNTY CLASSROOM ITEM NO. 212 TEACHERS ASSOCIATION. 5 CASE NO. A1-045416 Petitioner, 6 v. DECISION 7 PERSHING COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, 8 Respondent. 9 10 For the Petitioner: Michael W. Dyer, Esq. 11 For the Respondent: C. Robert Cox, Esq. 12 For the EMRB: Salvatore C. Gugino, Chairman Tamara Barengo 13 Jeffrey L. Eskin 14 STATEMENT OF THE CASE 15 This matter came before the Local Government 16 Employee-Management Relations Board ("Board") upon the filing of 17 a Petition for Declaratory Order by the Pershing County Classroom 18 Teachers Association ("Association") seeking a determination that 19 the subject of teacher evaluations is within the scope of 20 mandatory bargaining. 21 In the spring of 1986, during the course of negotiating the 22 collective bargaining agreement for the 1986-87 school year, the 23 Association sought to negotiate with the Pershing County School 24 District ("District") concerning teacher evaluations and the 25 The District procedure to be followed in conducting them. 26 notified the Association that it considered teacher evaluations 27 to be beyond the scope of mandatory bargaining as established by 28 NRS 288.150(2), and that it would not negotiate on the subject.

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Thereafter, Petitioner and Respondent agreed upon the terms
 of the collective bargaining agreement for the 1986-87 schoo.
 year, which contained no provision relating to teacher evalu ations. The Petitioner then submitted this issue in dispute to
 the Board for its determination.

6 The parties filed a prehearing statement in which both sides 7 contended that the sole legal issue presented for determination 8 in this matter is whether the subject of teacher evaluations is 9 within the scope of mandatory bargain established by NRS 10 288.150(2).

11 There appearing to be no significant issues of fact concern-12 ing this matter, but rather this being a case which must be 13 decided on the issues of law created by the underlying statutes, 14 the Board passed a motion in its meeting of March 16, 1988, t 15 dispense with a hearing, unless written objection by either party 16 was received within ten (10) days of receipt of notice. Having 17 received no written objection, the parties were invited to submit 18 supplemental briefs on the matter for the Board's consideration.

DISCUSSION

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The Board Relies Upon the "Significant Relationship" Test in Analyzing the Negotiability of a Topic

As originally enacted, NRS 288.150 provided that it was "the duty of every local government employer, except as limited in subsection 2, to negotiate...concerning wages, hours, and conditions of employment...." Subsection 2 of the statute enumerated items that were specifically exempted from the negotiation requirement. 1969 Nev.Stats. 1377.

1	Under this statute, the Board long held that any matter
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4	the Matter of the Washoe County School Dist. and the Washoe
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9	the Matter of the Washoe Co. Teachers Assn. and the Washoe Co.
	School Dist., Case No. 102472-A, Item No. 12-A (1974); In the
11	Matter of the Clark Co. Classroom Teachers Assn. v. Clark Co.
12	School Dist. and Board of Trustees of the Clark Co. School Dist.,
13	Case Nos. Al-00011, Al-00012, Al-00845, Item No. 29 (1975).
14	In 1975, the Nevada legislature amended NRS 288.150 to read
15	substantially as it does today. Whereas the former statute
16	provided that there was a general duty of negotiation, with
17	specified exceptions, the amended statute enumerated specific
18	topics which were to be the mandatory subjects of negotiation.
19	1975 Nev.Stats. 920.
20	However, as stated in Douglas Co. Professional Education
21	Assn. v. Douglas Co. School Dist., Case No. A1-045380, Item No.
22	168 (1984):
23	[T]he "subjects" specified by the Legislature are couched in terms which lead to the inescapable
24	conclusion that such "subjects" are the specified areas of bargaining and the extent of topics encompassed
25	within such areas is subject to interpretation and limitation or definition by this Board. Id. at 3.
26	ITHICACION OF GETTUFFION DY CUTS DOUTG, TG, GC 2.
27	As pointed out in County of Washoe v. Washoe Co. Employees'
28	<u>Assn.</u> , Case No. Al-045365, Item No. 159 (1984):
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1 [I]t appears that decisions of this Board subsequent to the 1975 legislative amendments have 2 approached analysis of negotiability under NRS 288.150(2), subsections (a) through (t), as being 3 whether or not from the facts presented, the subject matter involved is directly and significantly related to any one of the subjects specifically enumerated in 4 NRS 288.150(a) through (t) under a broad construction 5 of the particular listed subject. Id. at 8. 6 See also, Henderson Police Officer Assn. v. City of Henderson, 7 Item No. 83 (1978); In Re IAFF Local 1908 v. Clark Co., Item No. 8 146 (1982); Truckee Meadows Fire Prot. Dist. v. IAFF Local 2487, 9 Item No. 196 (1987). In this context, the Board continues to 10 rely upon the "significant relationship" test in analyzing the 11 negotiability of a topic. 12 II 13 Past Board Rulings on Teacher Evaluations As a Mandatory Subject of Bargaining 14 15 Prior to the 1975 amendment to NRS 288.150, the Board ruled 16 that teacher evaluations were the subject of mandatory bargaining 17 because they affected the transfer, retention, and promotion of 18 || teachers and thus were "significantly related" to their wages and 19 working conditions. In the Matter of the Washoe Co. Sch. Dist. 20 and the Washoe Co. Teachers Assn., Item No. 3, supra. This 21 determination was upheld by the Nevada Supreme Court in Clark Co. 22 Sch. Dist. v. Local Gov't., 90 Nev. 442, 530 P.2d 114 (1974). 23 Following the 1975 amendments to NRS 288.150, the Board 24 twice addressed the issue of whether evaluations were a mandatory 25 subject of bargaining and, in both instances, concluded they were 26 not. Washoe Co. Teachers Assn. v. Washoe Sch. Dist. and the Bd. 27 of Trustees of the Washoe Co. Sch. Dist., Case No. A1-045297, 1 28

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1 No. 56 (1976); Nevada Classified Sch. Employees Assn. v. Clark 2 Co. Sch. Dist., Case No. A1-045345, Item No. 111 (1981).

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Recent Statutory Language Has Been Introduced Which Significantly Relates Teacher Evaluations to the Dismissal Process

6 In 1985, the legislature amended NRS Chapter 391 in a manner 7 which specifically makes evaluations part of the "discharge" 8 process for the dismissal of teachers.

Statutory language existed prior to 1985 which called for 9 each school district to develop a "uniform system" for the 10 "objective evaluation of teacher personnel." See 1973 Nev.Stats. 11 790. District policy concerning evaluations was to be developed 12 "following consultation and involvement of elected representa-13 tives of teacher personnel or their designees." Id. at 790. 14 Reports of such evaluations, however, were simply a matter for 15 "consideration" in determining whether or not a teacher was 16 Id. at 792. With some minor changes, performing adequately. 17 this language still exists. 18

However, in a significant move, the 1985 Nevada legislature 19 amended NRS 391 to provide that any certificated employee who 20 becomes a post probationary employee after June 30, 1985, is 21 subject to dismissal from employment, if he or she receives three 22 (3) overall unsatisfactory evaluations within the immediately 23 1985 Nev.Stats. 1082. preceding five (5) or fewer years. 24 According to the 1985 statute, by offering the three overall 25 unsatisfactory evaluations at the hearing, a presumption arose 26 that just cause existed to dismiss the teacher; and the burden of 27 28

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1 proof then shifted to the employee to offer proof to rebut the 2 presumption. Id. at 1082.

3 NRS 391.31963 has since been amended by the 1987 legislature 4 to eliminate that portion of the 1985 statute which shifted the 5 burden of proof in a teacher dismissal hearing to the employee 6 but has preserved that portion significantly relating teacher 7 evaluations to the discharge procedure. NRS 391.31963(d).

8 The Board agrees with the Association's contention that the 9 statutory "tying" of evaluation to the formal statutory dismissal 10 process, a situation unique to teachers, has moved evaluation 11 into an area significantly and directly related to the subject 12 area of "discharge" pursuant to NRS 288.150(2)(i).

13 The Board has concluded that evaluati s are no longer 14 simply a factor to be considered in determining whether or not 15 teacher is performing adequately. Since the 1985 legislative 16 changes in NRS 391, evaluations now play an integral statutory 17 role in the teacher discharge process. The Board concludes that 18 teacher evaluations are significantly related to and are a part 19 of "discharge and disciplinary procedures" pursuant to NRS 20 288.150(2)(i) and are, therefore, within the scope of mandatory 21 bargaining. In so deciding, the Board overrules its holdings in 22 Case No. Al-045435, Item No. 111, and Case No. Al-045297, Item 23 No. 56, cited supra.

FINDINGS OF FACT

25 1. That the Petitioner, Pershing County Classroom Teachers
26 Association, is a local government employee organization.
27 2. That the Respondent, Pershing County School District, 1.

28 a local government employer.

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That in the spring of 1986, during the course of negoti ating the collective bargaining agreement for the 1986-87 school
 year, the Association sought to negotiate with the District
 concerning teacher evaluations and the procedure to be followed
 in conducting such evaluations.

6 4. That the District thereafter notified the Association 7 that it considered the subject of teacher evaluations to be 8 outside the scope of mandatory bargaining, as established by NRS 9 288.150(2), and that it would not negotiate the subject.

10 5. That on September 26, 1986, the Association filed a 11 Petition for Declaratory Order seeking a determination that the 12 subject of teacher evaluations is within the scope of mandatory 13 bargaining.

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CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

That the Local Government Employee-Management Relations
 Board possesses original jurisdiction over the parties and
 subject matter of this Petition pursuant to the provisions of NRS
 Chapter 288.

2. That the Petitioner, Pershing County Classroom Teachers
20 Association, is a recognized employee organization within the
21 terms defined by NRS 288.040.

3. That the Respondent is a local government employer
within the terms defined by NRS 288.060.

4. That the 1985 Nevada legislature amended NRS 391 to provide that any certificated employee who becomes a post probationary employee after June 30, 1985, is subject to dismissal from employment, if he or she receives three (3) overall unsatisfactory evaluations within the immediately

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1 preceding five (5) or fewer years. By offering the three overall 2 unsatisfactory evaluations at the hearing, a presumption aris 3 that just cause exists to dismiss the teacher; and the burden of 4 proof then shifts to the employee to offer proof to rebut the 5 presumption. NRS 391.31963(1)(d).

6 5. That NRS 391.31963(1)(d) has been amended by the 1987 7 legislature to eliminate that portion of the 1985 statute which 8 shifted the burden of proof in a teacher dismissal hearing to the 9 employee but has maintained the portion that significantly 10 relates teacher evaluations to the discharge procedure.

6. That teacher evaluations are significantly related to and are a part of "discharge and disciplinary procedures" pursuant to NRS 288.150(2)(i) and are, therefore, within the scope of mandatory bargaining.

7. That each party is to bear its own costs and fees in theabove-entitled matter.

DATED this 200 day of August, 1988.

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LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS BOARD

SALVATORE Chairman

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! 1 Certified copies to: Michael W. Dyer, Esq. C. Robert Cox, Esq. WALTHER, KEY, MAUPIN, et al. DYER AND MCDONALD 2 POB 30000 POB 2426 Reno, NV 89520 Carson City, NV 89702 3 Copies to: 4 Cindy Lu Meyers James P. Kiley, Supt. PERSHING CO. CLASSROOM PERSHING CO. SCH. DIST. 5 TEACHERS ASSN. POB 389 Route 1, Box 158 Lovelock, NV 89419 6 Lovelock, NV 89419 7 Board members Interested parties 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 -9-

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